Breakout 2: Fire-flora recovery / interactions

Main thematic areas:

- 1. New synergies b/n investigators
- 2. Data / knowledge gaps (mostly) not being addressed
- 3. Data sets not being (fully) used.
- 4. Air campaign instruments & driving science questions

New synergies b/n investigators

- Post-fire succession being addressed by Mack, Rogers, and Goulden. Interesting seeding / seed rain experiment by Mack.
- M Chopping (shrub mapping) looking for input / site recommendations across N Slope and Canada.
 - Shrubs & lichen mapping could be useful for fauna groups.
 - Could bring in Michelle's previous data to derive shrub succession after fire / thermokarst formation.
- New project: consistent veg map across domain.
 - Idea that we could work with NGA data to convolve DSM w/spectral information to separate evergreen vs. deciduous crowns (stereo point cloud, visible & NIR, SWIR from WV3). Opportunity for extremely valuable high-res PFT info.
 - o Could merge w/G-LiHT (lidar/hyperspectral) or other to drill down to important species
 - Incorporate previous and upcoming ground validation

Data / knowledge gaps (mostly) not being addressed

- Smoldering and over-wintering fires. Mostly unexplored but hugely important.
 - M Turetsky has some community reports
 - Worldview 3 has SWIR, high potential. Thermal anomalies on this spatial scale are distinct and rare. Would need to work out tasking.
 - Landsat 8 SWIR and thermal.
 - MODIS/VIIRS active fires
 - Fire progression maps
- Changes in N cycle associated with shrub encroachment.
- Repeat burns. Both forest & tundra. How much repeat burning & how does it affect veg / soil recovery. M Mack surprised by scarcity of re-burns in NWT.
- Nutrient losses from fire. Loss, N mineralization from deeper ALT.
 - How much N transported via aerosols vs pyrodenitrified to N₂?
 - Could look at NADP (National Atm Deposition Program) stations
 - P an open, longer-term question. How much is local vs entrained into long distance transport? How much enters aquatic system?
- Spatial wiki for field data, special resources, satellite
- Fire progression in tundra. What limits progression? Barriers? Strips of unburned shrubs near water bodies.

Data sets not being (fully) used

- **Sentinel 1 & 2.** Issues w/acquisition over ABoVE domain. Can NASA push for more acquisitions and/or stage Sentinel data on ASC?
- AHAP (Alaska High Altitude Photography Ortho-imagery, 1978 1986). Could be used for change detection
- NGA. More projects could do more w/these data, amazing resource. Tasking for next spring/ summer due by mid-Jan
- **G-LiHT** (Morton). Wealth of useful data, willing to share. Limited upcoming flights.
 - Flew over fire chronosequence, 440 fires from 1950 2013. Could inform succession
 - Pre and post-fire transects on Funny River Fire (Kenai)
 - Photoplots on 20 km grid. Low altitude stereo photos. 75 of 350 stands burned (pre-fire photos)
 - Can do shrub characterization, but S of Brooks Range.
 - D Morton can stage flight lines and canopy height models on ASC. 300 350m swaths
- **AIRIS** (Alaska Integrated Resource Inventory System). In 80s, FS tested inventory system using Landsat, high and low-altitude photos, ground plots for AK's inaccessible forests.
- NGEE-Arctic lidar acquisitions around Barrow, Tulik
- Wulder's lidar transects in Canada (25,000 km)
- Lightning data from Canada
- Energy companies. Have wealth of data on veg, etc., but won't share.

Air campaign

- Tundra is an airborne data gap
- Need to consider temporal aspects of acquisition (early, mid, late season). Probably some current constraints on NASA planes/instruments
- Sensors.
 - AVIRIS (400–2500 nm), MASTER (thermal), lidar
 - LVIS lidar may be too coarse, Landsat res
- Need to drive with big science questions
 - **1. Post-fire subsidence**. Simple question but BIG issue & implications. Can we get large-scale subsidence right after, 1 yr, 2 yrs after fire?
 - 2. Pre-post fire. Targeted acquisitions in areas expected to burn. Sample both surface characteristics and trace gases. Not easy to do: smoke, turbulence, dangerous. Could really benefit from a scoping study. Prelim analysis of how many fires we could feasibly do this for (progression, meteorology, smoke, flight conditions).
 - **3. Post-fire recovery**. Really pushing succession patterns forward by mapping species, regional trajectories, coupling w/severity & other geospatial information. Possible to detect changes?
 - **4. Tree mortality**. Mapping dead trees (high-res lidar/hyperspectral). Characterize strips of mortality, esp across years. Potential to capture 'mortality events'. Could be really helpful to link with field/inventory, spatially extending. Large-scale vulnerability question.